Message

From: Strynar, Mark [/O=EXCHANGELABS/OU=EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP

(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=5A9910D5B38E471497BD875FD329A20A-STRYNAR, MARK]

Sent: 10/10/2019 7:19:34 PM

To: Mark Strynar [markstrynar@gmail.com]; Mary Strynar [marystrynar@yahoo.com]; Carole Strynar

[icstrynar@maine.rr.com]

Subject: FW: ARCHIVED CAPE FEAR RIVER SAMPLES REVEAL HIGH LEVELS OF PFAS JUST PUBLISHED, DONT HAVE PAPER YET

A story on a paper we published yesterday.

Mark

From: Gillespie, Andrew < Gillespie. Andrew@epa.gov>

Sent: Thursday, October 10, 2019 3:07 PM

To: McCord, James <mccord.james@epa.gov>; Strynar, Mark <Strynar.Mark@epa.gov>

Cc: Medina-Vera, Myriam < Medina-Vera. Myriam@epa.gov>

Subject: FW: ARCHIVED CAPE FEAR RIVER SAMPLES REVEAL HIGH LEVELS OF PFAS JUST PUBLISHED, DONT HAVE PAPER

YET

Can one of you send me a link to the published paper? Thanks, Andy

Andrew J. R. Gillespie, Ph. D.
Associate Director, US EPA/ORD/CEMM
ORD Executive Lead for PFAS R&D

Office 919 541 3655 Cel Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)

From: Hines, Ronald < Hines.Ronald@epa.gov > Sent: Thursday, October 10, 2019 2:43 PM

To: Rodan, Bruce < rodan.bruce@epa.gov>; Gillespie, Andrew < Gillespie.Andrew@epa.gov>; Dunlap, David

<dunlap.david@epa.gov>

Cc: Cascio, Wayne < Cascio, Wayne@epa.gov>; Holt, Kay < Holt, Kay@epa.gov>; Jones, Samantha

<Jones.Samantha@epa.gov>; Russo, Bill <Russo.Bill@epa.gov>

Subject: FW: ARCHIVED CAPE FEAR RIVER SAMPLES REVEAL HIGH LEVELS OF PFAS JUST PUBLISHED, DONT HAVE PAPER YET

I assume you saw the paper cited in the article shared by Erin below, as it must have gone through advance notification. But, I thought you might like to see the new article itself.

Ron

From: Hines, Erin < Hines. Erin@epa.gov > Sent: Thursday, October 10, 2019 2:09 PM

To: Hines, Ronald < Hines. Ronald@epa.gov>; Gray, Earl < Gray. Earl@epa.gov>; Conley, Justin < Conley. Justin@epa.gov>;

Wilson, Vickie < Wilson, Vickie@epa.gov >; Lau, Chris < Lau. Christopher@epa.gov >

Cc: Lambright, Christy < Lambright. Christy@epa.gov>; Evans, Nicola < Evans. Nicola@epa.gov>; Dixon, Aaron

<Dixon.Aaron@epa.gov>; Rogers, John M. <Rogers.John@epa.gov>

Subject: RE: ARCHIVED CAPE FEAR RIVER SAMPLES REVEAL HIGH LEVELS OF PFAS JUST PUBLISHED, DONT HAVE PAPER

YET

130,000 ppt

http://pulse.ncpolicywatch.org/2019/10/09/breaking-new-analysis-indicates-that-toxics-were-present-in-wilmington-drinking-water-at-extreme-levels/

From: Hines, Ronald < Hines.Ronald@epa.gov > Sent: Thursday, October 10, 2019 1:51 PM

To: Gray, Earl <<u>Gray.Earl@epa.gov</u>>; Conley, Justin <<u>Conley.Justin@epa.gov</u>>; Wilson, Vickie <<u>Wilson.Vickie@epa.gov</u>>; Lau, Chris <<u>Lau</u>.Christopher@epa.gov>

Cc: Hines, Erin < Hines. Erin@epa.gov>; Lambright, Christy < Lambright. Christy@epa.gov>; Evans, Nicola < Evans. Nicola@epa.gov>; Dixon, Aaron < Dixon. Aaron@epa.gov>; Rogers, John M. < Rogers. John@epa.gov>

Subject: RE: ARCHIVED CAPE FEAR RIVER SAMPLES REVEAL HIGH LEVELS OF PFAS JUST PUBLISHED, DONT HAVE PAPER YET

Earl,

Thanks for the information. Do you know what units are being used? Also, I learned that before Chemours provided an authentic standard for nation by-product 2, GenX was used as a standard assuming the signal would be the same for all PFAS. Because of this, the uncertainty around these numbers were 10-fold on either side.

Ron

From: Gray, Earl < Gray. Earl @epa.gov > Sent: Thursday, October 10, 2019 1:40 PM

To: Conley, Justin < Conley, Justin@epa.gov>; Wilson, Vickie < Wilson, Vickie@epa.gov>; Lau, Chris

<Lau.Christopher@epa.gov>

Cc: Hines, Ronald < <u>Hines.Ronald@epa.gov</u>>; Hines, Erin < <u>Hines.Erin@epa.gov</u>>; Lambright, Christy

<<u>Lambright.Christy@epa.gov</u>>; Evans, Nicola <<u>Evans.Nicola@epa.gov</u>>; Dixon, Aaron <<u>Dixon.Aaron@epa.gov</u>>; Rogers,

John M. <Rogers.John@epa.gov>

Subject: ARCHIVED CAPE FEAR RIVER SAMPLES REVEAL HIGH LEVELS OF PFAS JUST PUBLISHED, DONT HAVE PAPER YET

| Σ(all targeted PFASs) | | 130,000 | 110,000 |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------|---------|
| | ΣPΓEAS | 130,000 | 110,000 |
| | HydroEVE | 20 | <10 |
| | NVHOS | 19 | <10 |
| | Nation by-product 2 | 83 | <10 |
| | PFPrOPrA | 780 | 790 |
| | PEPA | 200 | 280 |
| PFEAs | PMPA | 690 | 740 |
| | PFO5DoA | 200 | 153 |
| | PFO4DA | 350 | 330 |
| | PFO3OA | 6,300 | 7,000 |
| | PFO2HxA | 7,800 | 8,200 |
| | PFMOAA | 110,000 | 95,000 |

These samples were collected in 2015 from near Lock and Dam No. 1, near Wilmington. The first column indicates the concentrations for the compounds before researchers applied a chemical process called oxidization. The second column shows the concentrations after oxidization, which was applied in 2019 to the samples, which had been preserved.

| | ΣPFEAS | 990,000 | 960,000 |
|-------|---------------------|---------|---------|
| | HydroEVE | 1,200 | <10 |
| | NVHOS | 44 | <10 |
| | Nafion by-product 2 | 670 | <10 |
| | PFPrOPrA | 3,100 | 3,000 |
| | PEPA | 420 | 500 |
| PFEAs | PMPA | 1,300 | 1,000 |
| | PFO5DoA | 330 | 290 |
| | PFO4DA | 5,100 | 4,600 |
| | PFO3OA | 58,000 | 61,000 |
| | PFO2HxA | 180,000 | 190,000 |
| | PFMOAA | 730,000 | 710,000 |

These samples were collected in 2014 from near the Huske Lock and Dam near the Chemours facility. The first column indicates the concentrations for the compounds

before researchers applied a chemical process called oxidization. The second column shows the concentrations after oxidization, which was applied in 2019 to the samples, which had been preserved.